

1-(3-Chlorophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-urea

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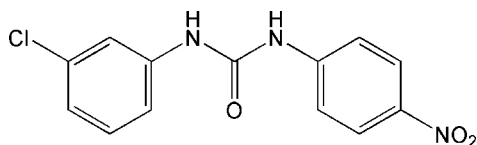
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 113$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.7.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_3$, prepared by the reaction of 1-chloro-3-isocyanatobenzene with 4-nitrobenzamide, the two substituent benzene rings are roughly coplanar [inter-ring dihedral angle = $8.70(7)^\circ$]. In the crystal, molecules make cyclic intermolecular associations through two urea–nitro $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a chain structure [give chain direction] in which there are also weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ interactions. The urea O atom has only intramolecular aromatic ring $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ associations.

Related literature

For the bioactivity of urea derivatives, see: Wang *et al.* (2001); Song *et al.* (2008); Yip *et al.* (1986); Liu *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 291.69$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 8.3410(13)$ Å

 $b = 12.5410(18)$ Å

 $c = 12.1120(16)$ Å

 $\beta = 99.866(5)^\circ$
 $V = 1248.2(3)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 113$ K

 $0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku Saturn724 CCD
diffractometer

 Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear-SM Expert*;
Rigaku, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.928$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$

15672 measured reflections

2964 independent reflections

 2396 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 1.04$

2964 reflections

189 parameters

 H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.807 (16)	2.211 (16)	3.0131 (14)	172.8 (16)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.832 (14)	2.136 (14)	2.9448 (14)	164.1 (14)
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.95	2.26	2.8720 (15)	121
$\text{C9}-\text{H9}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.95	2.31	2.8833 (15)	118
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.83	3.5465 (13)	133

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear-SM Expert* (Rigaku, 2009); cell refinement: *CrystalClear-SM Expert*; data reduction: *CrystalClear-SM Expert*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *CrystalStructure*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2070).

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supplementary materials

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1-(3-Chlorophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)urea

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Comment

Previous studies have shown that urea derivatives have important medical and biological applications, e.g. *N, N'*-diarylurea derivatives have cytokinin activity (Wang *et al.*, 2001) and bacteriostatic activity. Compounds bearing a urea linkage to benzothiazole were also investigated for their ability to inhibit Raf-1 activity (Song *et al.*, 2008). Thidiazuron, a substituted heterocyclic urea compound, mimicked the effect of benzyladenine (BA) in the Ca^{2+} and cytokinin systems or on the IAA and cytokinin systems (Yip *et al.*, 1986). Recently, better activity was achieved with benzoyl urea derivatives (Liu *et al.*, 2005). In order to discover further biologically active urea compounds, the title compound $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_3$ (I) was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported here.

In the structure of title compound (Fig. 1), the molecule is almost planar [torsion angles C1–N1–C2–C7 and C1–N2–C8–C13, $178.39(11)^\circ$ and $-165.69(11)^\circ$] with a dihedral angle between two phenyl rings of $8.70(7)^\circ$. In the crystal structure, the molecules give cyclic intermolecular associations through two urea N–H \cdots O_{nitro} hydrogen bonds (Table 1) giving a one-dimensional chain structure (Fig. 2) in which there are also weak intermolecular C–H \cdots Cl interactions [C12–H12 \cdots C11ⁱⁱⁱ, 3.5465 (13) Å] [symmetry code (iii): $x, y + 1, z$]. The urea O atom has only intramolecular aromatic ring C–H \cdots O associations [C3–H3 \cdots O1, 2.8720 (15) Å; C9–H9 \cdots O1, 2.8833 (15) Å].

Experimental

1-Chloro-3-isocyanatobenzene (0.153 g, 1 mmol) and 4-nitrobenzenamine (0.138 g, 1 mmol) were mixed and ground in an agate mortar, then irradiated by microwave for 1 min. After the reaction was completed, the resulting product was dissolved in 95% ethanol with warming and immediately filtered. The product obtained was recrystallized from ethanol and single crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation.

Refinement

The urea H atoms were located by difference methods and their positional and isotropic displacement parameters were refined. Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions, with C–H = 0.95 Å, and included in the final cycles of refinement using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

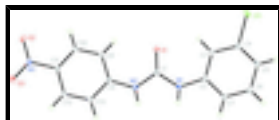


Fig. 1. Molecular conformation and atom numbering scheme for the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

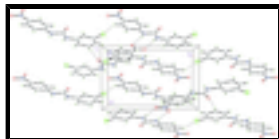


Fig. 2. The packing diagram of the title compound. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

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Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{10}ClN_3O_3$

$M_r = 291.69$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 8.3410$ (13) Å

$b = 12.5410$ (18) Å

$c = 12.1120$ (16) Å

$\beta = 99.866$ (5)°

$V = 1248.2$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 600$

$D_x = 1.552$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71075$ Å

Cell parameters from 4351 reflections

$\theta = 1.6$ – 27.9 °

$\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹

$T = 113$ K

Prism, colorless

$0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724 CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode
multilayer

Detector resolution: 14.222 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear-SM Expert*; Rigaku, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.928$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$

15672 measured reflections

2964 independent reflections

2396 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.9$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4$ °

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$

$wR(F^2) = 0.092$

$S = 1.04$

2964 reflections

189 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0589P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.22721 (4)	0.01383 (3)	0.53821 (3)	0.02970 (12)
O1	0.31522 (10)	0.39764 (6)	0.45111 (7)	0.0187 (2)
O2	0.55192 (10)	0.80112 (7)	0.13369 (7)	0.0218 (2)
O3	0.49009 (10)	0.93629 (7)	0.22967 (7)	0.0221 (2)
N1	0.17484 (13)	0.41897 (8)	0.59747 (9)	0.0177 (2)
N2	0.23742 (12)	0.56468 (8)	0.50077 (9)	0.0171 (2)
N3	0.49071 (11)	0.83930 (8)	0.21073 (8)	0.0173 (2)
C1	0.24839 (13)	0.45459 (9)	0.51100 (10)	0.0152 (2)
C2	0.15298 (14)	0.31274 (9)	0.62949 (10)	0.0153 (2)
C3	0.20047 (14)	0.22475 (9)	0.57217 (10)	0.0175 (3)
H3	0.2525	0.2338	0.5089	0.021*
C4	0.16951 (15)	0.12397 (9)	0.61013 (10)	0.0191 (3)
C5	0.09396 (15)	0.10706 (10)	0.70225 (10)	0.0205 (3)
H5	0.0743	0.0369	0.7262	0.025*
C6	0.04799 (14)	0.19542 (10)	0.75831 (10)	0.0198 (3)
H6	-0.0042	0.1858	0.8215	0.024*
C7	0.07749 (14)	0.29736 (9)	0.72298 (10)	0.0175 (3)
H7	0.0463	0.3573	0.7624	0.021*
C8	0.29852 (14)	0.62892 (9)	0.42460 (10)	0.0151 (2)
C9	0.34844 (14)	0.59016 (9)	0.32687 (10)	0.0177 (3)
H9	0.3407	0.5162	0.3096	0.021*
C10	0.40879 (14)	0.66018 (10)	0.25622 (10)	0.0178 (3)
H10	0.4434	0.6348	0.1903	0.021*
C11	0.41844 (14)	0.76771 (9)	0.28220 (10)	0.0157 (2)
C12	0.36528 (14)	0.80862 (9)	0.37613 (10)	0.0174 (3)
H12	0.3702	0.8830	0.3913	0.021*
C13	0.30537 (14)	0.73906 (10)	0.44672 (10)	0.0174 (3)
H13	0.2681	0.7657	0.5113	0.021*
H1	0.1324 (18)	0.4614 (13)	0.6334 (14)	0.035 (5)*
H2	0.1933 (16)	0.5948 (12)	0.5489 (12)	0.024 (4)*

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0455 (2)	0.01399 (17)	0.0309 (2)	0.00282 (13)	0.01006 (16)	-0.00398 (12)
O1	0.0246 (5)	0.0139 (4)	0.0200 (4)	0.0023 (3)	0.0111 (4)	-0.0004 (3)
O2	0.0264 (5)	0.0220 (5)	0.0196 (4)	-0.0022 (4)	0.0115 (4)	0.0009 (4)
O3	0.0290 (5)	0.0128 (4)	0.0259 (5)	-0.0023 (3)	0.0089 (4)	0.0026 (3)
N1	0.0245 (6)	0.0118 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0114 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
N2	0.0244 (6)	0.0115 (5)	0.0182 (5)	0.0011 (4)	0.0120 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
N3	0.0171 (5)	0.0172 (5)	0.0178 (5)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0035 (4)	0.0030 (4)
C1	0.0159 (6)	0.0137 (5)	0.0164 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0037 (4)	0.0008 (4)
C2	0.0151 (6)	0.0132 (5)	0.0173 (6)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0019 (5)	0.0017 (4)
C3	0.0191 (6)	0.0168 (6)	0.0171 (6)	0.0007 (5)	0.0042 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C4	0.0220 (6)	0.0141 (6)	0.0202 (6)	0.0015 (5)	0.0011 (5)	-0.0023 (5)
C5	0.0235 (6)	0.0147 (6)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0020 (5)	0.0037 (5)
C6	0.0197 (6)	0.0209 (6)	0.0192 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0045 (5)	0.0043 (5)
C7	0.0187 (6)	0.0165 (6)	0.0179 (6)	0.0004 (5)	0.0050 (5)	0.0009 (4)
C8	0.0147 (6)	0.0142 (6)	0.0171 (5)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0046 (4)	0.0016 (4)
C9	0.0223 (6)	0.0137 (5)	0.0181 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0067 (5)	-0.0010 (4)
C10	0.0208 (6)	0.0168 (6)	0.0172 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0072 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C11	0.0160 (6)	0.0150 (6)	0.0168 (6)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0049 (5)	0.0034 (4)
C12	0.0205 (6)	0.0132 (5)	0.0194 (6)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0056 (5)	0.0000 (4)
C13	0.0212 (6)	0.0148 (6)	0.0176 (6)	0.0010 (5)	0.0076 (5)	-0.0010 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C4	1.7441 (12)	C5—C6	1.3876 (17)
O1—C1	1.2187 (14)	C5—H5	0.9500
O2—N3	1.2345 (13)	C6—C7	1.3835 (16)
O3—N3	1.2380 (13)	C6—H6	0.9500
N1—C1	1.3759 (15)	C7—H7	0.9500
N1—C2	1.4080 (14)	C8—C13	1.4064 (16)
N1—H1	0.806 (16)	C8—C9	1.4070 (15)
N2—C8	1.3860 (15)	C9—C10	1.3800 (16)
N2—C1	1.3879 (15)	C9—H9	0.9500
N2—H2	0.832 (14)	C10—C11	1.3840 (17)
N3—C11	1.4483 (14)	C10—H10	0.9500
C2—C3	1.3968 (16)	C11—C12	1.3882 (16)
C2—C7	1.4001 (16)	C12—C13	1.3741 (16)
C3—C4	1.3842 (16)	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500	C13—H13	0.9500
C4—C5	1.3885 (16)		
C1—N1—C2	127.77 (10)	C7—C6—C5	120.52 (11)
C1—N1—H1	119.4 (12)	C7—C6—H6	119.7
C2—N1—H1	112.7 (12)	C5—C6—H6	119.7
C8—N2—C1	127.69 (10)	C6—C7—C2	120.39 (11)
C8—N2—H2	117.4 (10)	C6—C7—H7	119.8

C1—N2—H2	114.8 (10)	C2—C7—H7	119.8
O2—N3—O3	122.45 (10)	N2—C8—C13	116.84 (10)
O2—N3—C11	118.67 (10)	N2—C8—C9	123.70 (11)
O3—N3—C11	118.88 (10)	C13—C8—C9	119.44 (11)
O1—C1—N1	124.88 (11)	C10—C9—C8	119.59 (11)
O1—C1—N2	124.04 (11)	C10—C9—H9	120.2
N1—C1—N2	111.08 (10)	C8—C9—H9	120.2
C3—C2—C7	119.89 (11)	C9—C10—C11	119.48 (11)
C3—C2—N1	123.33 (11)	C9—C10—H10	120.3
C7—C2—N1	116.78 (10)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
C4—C3—C2	118.12 (11)	C10—C11—C12	122.16 (11)
C4—C3—H3	120.9	C10—C11—N3	118.82 (10)
C2—C3—H3	120.9	C12—C11—N3	119.00 (11)
C3—C4—C5	122.85 (11)	C13—C12—C11	118.46 (11)
C3—C4—C11	118.29 (9)	C13—C12—H12	120.8
C5—C4—C11	118.85 (10)	C11—C12—H12	120.8
C6—C5—C4	118.22 (11)	C12—C13—C8	120.81 (11)
C6—C5—H5	120.9	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C5—H5	120.9	C8—C13—H13	119.6
C2—N1—C1—O1	-4.21 (19)	C1—N2—C8—C13	-165.69 (11)
C2—N1—C1—N2	176.06 (11)	C1—N2—C8—C9	16.15 (18)
C8—N2—C1—O1	-0.55 (19)	N2—C8—C9—C10	-179.59 (11)
C8—N2—C1—N1	179.19 (11)	C13—C8—C9—C10	2.29 (17)
C1—N1—C2—C3	-2.48 (19)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.37 (17)
C1—N1—C2—C7	178.39 (11)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.71 (18)
C7—C2—C3—C4	0.46 (17)	C9—C10—C11—N3	176.47 (10)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-178.64 (11)	O2—N3—C11—C10	-5.16 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.09 (18)	O3—N3—C11—C10	175.45 (10)
C2—C3—C4—C11	179.53 (9)	O2—N3—C11—C12	173.09 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.06 (19)	O3—N3—C11—C12	-6.30 (16)
C11—C4—C5—C6	-179.68 (9)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.80 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.16 (18)	N3—C11—C12—C13	-176.39 (10)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.54 (17)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.20 (17)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.69 (17)	N2—C8—C13—C12	179.54 (10)
N1—C2—C7—C6	178.47 (11)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-2.22 (18)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.807 (16)	2.211 (16)	3.0131 (14)	172.8 (16)
N2—H2 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.832 (14)	2.136 (14)	2.9448 (14)	164.1 (14)
C3—H3 \cdots O1	0.95	2.26	2.8720 (15)	121
C9—H9 \cdots O1	0.95	2.31	2.8833 (15)	118
C12—H12 \cdots C11 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.83	3.5465 (13)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$.

Fig. 1

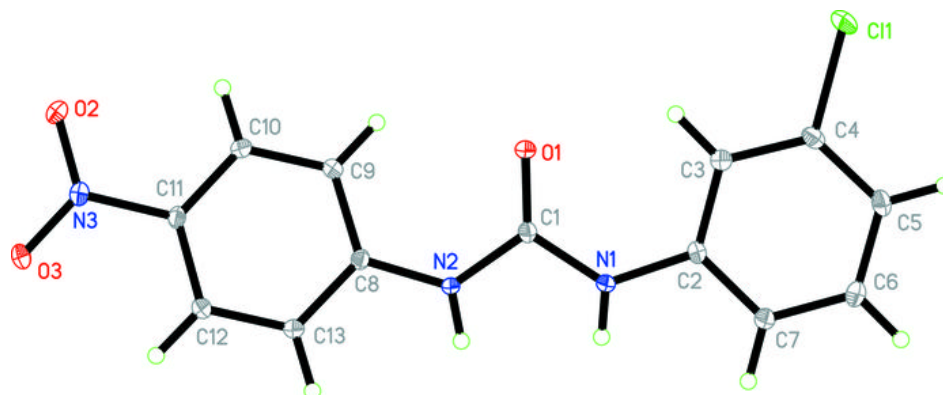


Fig. 2

